Instruction Manual

1. PRECAUTION

Please read thorough this Manual before use the instrument for correct handling. Please keep this Manual carefully after use. This instrument has been thoroughly tested at the factory before shipment. When you receive it, visually inspect it for damage and check the accessories.

① Model number and specification check Check to see the model number and specifications on the nameplate attached to the front face of the instrument are as ordered.

② Contents of instruction manual This instruction manual provides instructions on handling, external wiring and safety use of transmitter.

2. GENERAL

This compact plug-in type POT transmitter receives resistance value change from potentiometers and converts it into isolated unified output signal. Accessories:

3. MOUNTING METHOD

JUXTA M Series signal conditioners can be mounted on wall or DIN rail.

3.1 Wall mounting

Unlock stoppers and remove the transmitter from socket as shown in Fig.1. Then, fix the socket on the wall. Take installation gap as shown in Fig.3. (Refer Fig.3 for mounting dimensions).

3.2 DIN rail mounting

Insert DIN rail into upper section of DIN rail groove on rear of socket of transmitter and fix the rail with slidelock at the base of transmitter as shown in Fig.2.

Use furnished spacer and take 5mm gap between transmitters.

3.3

If the wiring duct is used, install it aparting more than 20mm from top face of main body.

4. EXTERNAL WIRING

CAUTION Wiring should be done after ensuring power break of each cable.

See Fig.4 for terminal arrangement. Wires should be connected to M3.5 screw terminal of socket. For wiring, flexible twisted wires and good contact of durable round crimp-on terminals are recommended to be used.

Signal cable should has more than 0.5mm² and power cable should has more than 1.25mm² of nominal cross-sectional area of conductor.

4.1 Wiring

- ① Connect input signal cable to transmitter terminals 3, 4, 5.
- ② Connect output signal cable to terminals 1(+) and 2(-).
- ③ Connect power cable to terminals 6(GND), 7(L+), 8(N-).

NOTE: Apart wiring of power and input/output cables from noise source. Otherwise, accuracy may not be warranted.

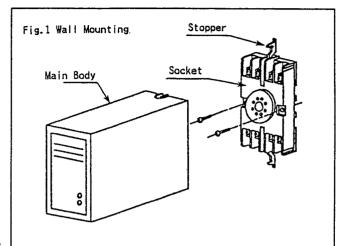
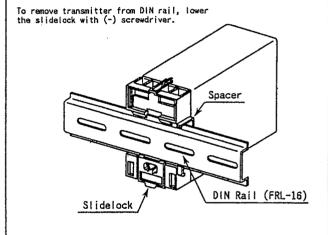
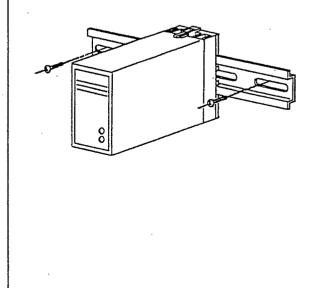


Fig. 2 DIN Rail Mounting





5. INSTALLATION AND HANDLING

① Aviod installation in such environments as shock, vibration, corrosive gas, dust, water oil, solvent, direct sunlight, radiation, powerful electric and magnetic fields.

2 In order to protect instrument from inducement of thunder surges in power and signal cables by thunder fall, use arrester between transmitter and equipment installed in the field.

6. SAFETY USE

Following caution for safety should be taken for handling of instrument. We are not responsible or damage incurred by use contrary to caution. CAUTION

Be sure to lock the stoppers (top and bottom) after inserting the main body into socket.

• Following items should be checked when turning power on. Use of instrument ignoring specifications may cause overheat or burning.

(a) Voltage of power supply and input value be applied to the instrument should meet with required specifications.

(b) External wiring to terminals should be connected correctly. (See preceding Article 4)

• Do not use the instrument in such dangerous places where exist inflammable and explosive gas or steam.

As for instrument types having power supply of 85~264V AC, these voltages are internally charged. Do not open front cover.

7. MAINTENANCE

10∼15 minutes warm up is required to satisfy the specifications of the instrument.

7.1 Calibration Equipment

 6 Dial Varibale Resistor (Yokogawa Model 2793-01 or equivalent) Voltmeter (Yokogawa model 7562 or equivalent) Precision resistor 2500 ±0.01% 1W 7.2 Calibration

① Connect each equipment as shown in Fig.6. ② Input/output characteristics check Operate variable resistor to meet specifications of potentiometer used together (full resistance and resistance at 0 and 100% points) and change R, and R, values by keeping full resistance at constant. Apply resistance signals equivalent 0, 25, 50, 75, 100% of span to transmitter. Check that corresponding transmitter outputs are 0, 25, 50, 75 and 100% respectively and are within accuracy rating range. R is used for current output only.

If output signal is out of tolerance, adjust it through span and zero adjustment trimmer on front face of transmitter.

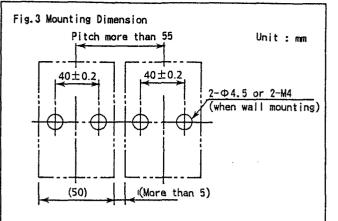
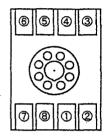


Fig. 4 Terminal Arrangement



TML	
1	OUTPUT +
2	OUTPUT -
3	INPUT 1 100%
4	INPUT2 CENTER
5	INPUT 3 0%
6	GND
7	SUPPLY L+
8	SUPPLY N-

Fig. 5 Wiring Diagram

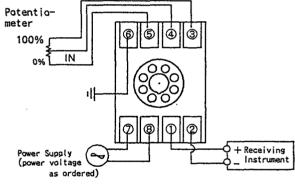
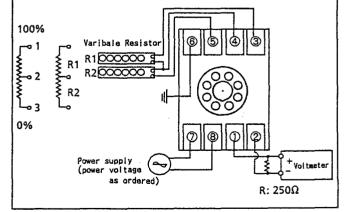


Fig. 6 Wiring of Calibration Equipment



Subject to change without notice for grade up quality and performance.

